

# Hanafi Fiqh English

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فقه الحنفية - Abu Ameenah Bilaal Philips 2006

Fiqh or Islamic jurisprudence is a complete set of instructions for everyday life driven from legitimate Islamic sources. This book is a historical perspective on the formation and divisions of schools of fiqh. In addition to that, Dr Bilal Philips has also identified the negate and positive roles played by madhhabs in the past. He further proposes a way in which all madh-habs can be unified. The book is important as it draws the Muslims' attention to self-criticism that is long overdue." About the author Dr. Philips was born January 7, 1947 in Jamaica, but grew up in Canada, where he converted to Islam in 1972. He received his B.A. degree from the Islamic University of Medina and his M.A. in Aqeedah (Islamic Theology) from the King Saud University in Riyadh, then to the University of Wales, UK, where he completed a PhD in Islamic Theology in the early 90s. Philips comes from a family of educators, as both his parents were teachers and his grandfather was a Christian minister and Bible scholar. The Islamic Online University (IOU) is the brainchild of Dr. Bilal Philips.

**Essential Islamic Knowledge** - Muḥammad Sanā'ullāh Pānīpatī 2003

*Absolute Essentials of Islam* - Amīn ibn Muḥammad Jundī 2005

A Basic Hanafi Primer on Faith, Prayer, & the Path of Salvation Allah has commanded us to worship and obey Him, with sincerity, out of reverence, love, and thankfulness. He says in the Quran, And they are ordered only to serve Allah, keeping religion pure for Him, to remain upright, and to establish worship and to pay the poor-due. That is true religion (Quran, 98.5). This worship is not possible without knowledge. This short work outlines the absolute essentials of this knowledge: in faith, prayer, and key points related to ones life and dealings. It is based on the methodology of traditional Sunni Islam, according to the Hanafi school, the largest school of Islamic law, and its purpose is to make ones worship valid, sound, and proper in a short amount of time. Learn the basics & essentials of Islamic beliefs Make your purification and prayer proper, sound, & valid Learn key issues on the path to Paradise

**Ijtihad** - Taha Jabir Al-Alwani 1993-01-01

Considering that the accepted juridical sources of Islam are valid for all times and places, ijthiad may be described as a creative but disciplined intellectual effort to derive legal rulings from those sources while taking into consideration the variables imposed by the fluctuating circumstances of Muslim society. Consigning ijthiad to be annals of history is a denial of the rationalistic, egalitarian, and humane aspects of a realistic and durable Faith. The act would be a repudiation of the requisites of changing times and of the clamoring need to rid the Ummah of its present baggage of malaise and enable it to forge ahead, inspiring other nations and communities. It can be proved historically that the Ummah only entered its current crisis after ijthiad fell into disuse and was gradually replaced by taqlid. It is only through ijthiad that Muslims will be able to construct a new specific methodological infrastructure capable of addressing the crisis of Islamic thought and so, propose alternatives for the many problems of the contemporary world. The courage that needs to accompany such a mission is tremendous, the methodology massive and meticulous. With this work, Dr Al-Alwani has contributed to the

debate on this vital issue. The very way he tackled it-sometimes with boldness, sometimes with caution-shows that the debate is not an open-and shut issue, and that it needs to be widen quickly in view of the urgency of the situation.

*Al-Qawanin Al-Fiqhiyyah* - Abu'l-Qasim Ibn Juzayy Al-Kalbi 2021-01-15

"It is the most comprehensive and useful abridgement to be found in Mālikī fiqh." (Farīd al-Anṣārī Mafhūm al-'Ālimiyyah) The works of Ibn Juzayy partake of a particular miraculous quality of the last of the Messengers of Allah, may Allah bless him and them and grant them peace: they unite concision and comprehensiveness. Comprehensively, the author presents both the range of judgments within the school of the People of Madīnah as well as the range of judgments among the madhhabs at large, but with concision in a single modest Arabic volume. He covers not only 'aqīdah and 'ibādāt but also mu'āmalāt, other matters of taṣawwuf, and yet others pertaining to history, i.e. the sīrah of the Messenger ﷺ, the khulafā' and Andalus. His main concern is to say with clarity what the dīn IS, and then to note the legitimate differences, and sometimes the illegitimate ones in order to dismiss them. To show the spectrum of valid differences is vitally important in the age of literalism that says "tell me the ṣaḥīḥ hadith so that I can act on it" or in its Mālikī version, "tell me the well-known judgment (mashhūr)." The author carefully lets the reader know the well-known judgments (mashhūr) but sets them within the spectrum of valid judgments from the luminaries among Mālik's students, such as Ibn al-Qāsim, Ashhab, Aṣḥab, Ibn Wahb and Ibn al-Mājishūn et al, who, it is well to remember, may simply be acting on what they learnt from Mālik himself. Following Ibn Juzayy's own division of his work into two parts, we here publish Volume 2 containing the chapters on mu'āmalāt and miscellaneous chapters on the sīrah, history of the khalīfahs and of Andalusia, and matters of the tongue and heart etc. Ibn Juzayy was Abu-l-Qāsim Muḥammad ibn Aḥmad ibn Muḥammad ibn 'Abdullāh ibn Yaḥyā ibn 'Abd ar-Raḥmān ibn Yūsuf ibn Sa'īd ibn Juzayy al-Kalbī. He was born on the 19th Rabī' al-Awwal in 693 AH/1294 CE. He mastered the essential sciences of the dīn, and wrote significant works on tafsīr, hadith, 'aqīdah, taṣawwuf, qirā'āt (recitations and rescensions of the Qur'ān) and uṣūl al-fiqh. He died as a shahīd in the Battle of Tareef on Monday 7th Jumāda-l-Ūlā 741 AH/30th October 1340 CE. Dr. Asadullah Yate (Cantab.) has translated works from Arabic, Persian, German and French, and, in collaboration with others, from Turkish. He teaches Arabic and Fiqh at the Weimar Institute, and is Imam al-Khateeb at the mosque of Stralsund, Germany.

*Fiqh Al-Imām* - Abdur-Rahman Ibn Yusuf 2004

In recent decades many attacks have been launched against the concept of taqlid [following a school of Islamic law]. Opposition has ranged from being mild with degrees of acceptance to malicious attacks. Certain extreme elements have gone so far as to brand those who follow a madhhab [school] as mushrik [polytheist]. Much of the opposition has been a result of misunderstanding the realities of this concept. The first part of this book seeks to clarify certain aspects of taqlid that have been misunderstood and gravely distorted. It sheds light on the necessity of taqlid, its history, and its role in today's world. The second part includes several chapters devoted to issues regarding salat [ritual prayer] according to the Hanafi school of law. Through illustrative examples and detailed discussions, the chapters on prayer sufficiently

demonstrate the sophisticated legal philosophy employed by the Hanafi school (indeed all the madhabs) in their derivation of legal rulings from the source texts of Islam. All rulings have been supported with evidentiary proofs from the Quran and Hadith. The author delivers an even-handed presentation of arguments throughout the book. He intends neither to offend nor to perpetuate polemic disputes, but rather to state the facts in a lucid and rational style, with a view to appeal to the reader's sense of reason.

**A RoadMap for Studying Fiqh** - Muhammad Nabeel Musharraf 2020-03-04

The contents in this book are either derived or taken directly, from the works of the following noble scholars: Sheikh Abu Ihsan Al-Asiri & Sheikh Abu Aaliyah Surkheel. May Allah SWT reward them for their efforts. As an editor, I have edited, compiled, and presented various separate articles as one succinct work in book form. The original contents have been expanded and complimented with other relevant information and details where considered necessary. In doing so, I have also included opinions and explanations from other notable scholars. All the credits for this book go to these notable scholars and the sole purpose of my effort was to convey this treasure to those who are eagerly looking for it. May Allah make it a source of success for all of us in this world and the hereafter.

The Book Of Remembrances - Imam Yahya ibn Sharaf an-Nawawi 2014-01-01

The Book Of Remembrances [Kitab al-Adhkar] - By Imam Yahya ibn Sharaf an-Nawawi. Kitab al-Adhkar is the definitive compilation of words of remembrance and glorification of (dhikr), and supplicatory prayer to (du'a), the Lord of the Universe, as related from His final Emissary, the Prophet Muhammad (may Allah bless and exalt him). Dhikr and du'a lie at the very heart of the din, the relationship between creature and Creator. As part of the Sunna or Prophetic Way, they are a divinely appointed means of approaching Allah Most High for all our needs, and of making use of all the moments of daily life to strengthen our tawhid, the existential and cognitive Unity that is the hallmark of Muslim spirituality. Also covered are the vital principles of speaking only what is good and avoiding the sins of the tongue. The author, Muhy al-Din Yahya ibn Sharaf al-Nawawi (631-676/123-1277) devoted his entire life to the pursuit of sacred knowledge. He is revered throughout the Sunni world as one of its greatest authorities. Among his most famous writings are the Arba'in, a collection of forty Hadiths; a commentary on the Sahih of Imam Muslim; and Kitab al-Adhkar. Designed as a reference guide and a source of inspiration, this volume presents a clear and elegant English translation of Imam al-Nawawi's classic, together with the text of every single prayer and invocation, both in Arabic letters and in romanisation. Also included are all the authors statements about those Hadiths which he related personally from his own teachers, and his guidance on the correct spelling and meanings of rare words and names. Finally, al-Nawawi's comments on the sources of Hadiths are supplemented by further scholarly notes.

**The Second Formation of Islamic Law** - Guy Burak 2015-01-12

The Second Formation of Islamic Law offers a new periodization of Islamic legal history in the eastern Islamic lands.

*The Mukhtasar Al-Quduri* - Ahmad ibn Muhammad Quduri 2010

The Mukhtasar Al-Quduri is one of the most celebrated and influential treatises in any Muslim school of methodology and thought and is the foundation for the Hanafi school. It is both the first source for scholars and a manual for the general reader.

**Al - Hidayah (The Guidance)** - Burhan Ad-Din Al-Farghani Al-Marghinani 2020-10-19

The Hidayah has dominated the field of Islamic jurisprudence since the day it was written over 800 years ago. It has been the primary text used by Muslim jurists to issue authentic and reliable rulings on Islamic law according to the school of Imam Abu Hanifa (d 150H/767CE). The Hidayah commands such an authoritative position amongst the doctors of law that the knowledge of a scholar who has not read it is not considered reliable. It has been a standard text in the curricula of Islamic law schools since the 12th century. It was first translated into English by Charles Hamilton in 1791. Around 70 huge commentaries, some spread over more than a dozen volumes

have been written on it. The number of explanatory glosses is in thousands. Comprehensive in content and conveniently organized, with the publication of this all previous works that discussed Islamic jurisprudence according to the Hanafi law become outmoded and soon fell into disuse. If revealed books are not taken into account, never has a book received so much attention as the Hidayah. This landmark publication of the Hidayah not only has been translated in its entirety for the first time but has been done so from Arabic, the language in which it was written. The author, Shaykh Al Islam, Burhan Al-Din Marghanani (d 593 AH/ 1197 CE) was considered to be the leading jurist of the Muslim world in his times. "The Hidayah is justly celebrated as the most practical and useful summary compilation of Hanafi jurisprudence. It has been a standard text in the curricula of Islamic law schools since the 12th century. It was first translated by Charles Hamilton in 1791. A new translation into modern English has been long overdue. This translation by Imran Ahsan Khan Nyazee is both precise and straight forward. With his knowledge of Islamic law and jurisprudence combined with his command of both the Arabic and English languages, he has conveyed the meaning of the original with great clarity. The Hidayah is a dense work, intended for use in teaching Hanafi fiqh - it is a work that needs explication if its arguments are to be understood fully. This the translator has provided through this valuable notes" Dr Mohammad Akram Nadwi, research fellow, Oxford centre for Islamic studies, Oxford

**Travelling Home: Essays on Islam in Europe** - Abdal Hakim Murad 2020-04-29

A forceful study of Islamophobia in Europe in an age of populism and pandemic, considering survival strategies for Muslims on the basis of Qur'an, Hadith, and the Islamic theological, legal and spiritual legacy.

*Imam Abu Hanifa's Al-Fiqh Al-akbar Explained* - Ahmad ibn Muhammad Maghnisawi 2007

The Fiqh of Fasting - 2014

**Islamic Jurisprudential Maxims : 114 Maxims Expounded** - Abdul Baki As-Safi 2012-01-01  
jurisprudential maxims play a vital role in the Islamic way of life, serve as a source for legislation and regulate daily transactions. This book expounds and renders 114 maxims into English. It also furnishes a theoretical perspective of religio-legal translation and sheds light on distinctions among related terms, namely: Jurisprudential maxims, fundamentalistic maxims and Jurisprudential canons.

**Maraqi Al Falah Bi Imdaad Al Fatah Sharh Nur Al Idah Wa Najat Al-Arwah** - Hasan Bin Am Al Shurunbalaali Al Hanafi 2016-10-12

A commentary on a book on the jurisprudence (fiqh) of worship ('ibadat) according to the Hanafi school (madhhab) of Islamic law written by Imam Shurunbulali (d. 1069 h), one of the greatest jurists of his time, this work is among the most widely studied works on the subject all around the world, being a part of the traditional curriculum for students of Hanafi fiqh. The work covers Purification (kitab al-tahara), Ritual Prayer (kitab al-salat), Fasting (kitab al-sawm), Alms (kitab al-zakat) and the Pilgrimage (kitab al-hajj).

**Abu Hanifah** - Mohammed Akram Nadwi 2011-04-19

Abu Hanifah Nu'man ibn Thabit was one of the greatest pioneers in the history of Islamic Law, particularly in legal reasoning. The Hanafi Legal School that he founded has become the most widely followed among the world's Muslims. Based on primary sources, this study of the life and legacy of Abu Hanifah also surveys the evolution of Hanafi legal reasoning (fiqh) in different regions of the Islamic world and assesses its historical distinctiveness. Mohammed Akram Nadwi is a research fellow at the Oxford Centre for Islamic Studies, and is the author of several works including *al-Muhaddithat: the Women Scholars in Islam* (2007).

Basic Fiqh - Jamiatul Ulama (Kzn) South Africa 2016-10-17

All Praise be to Allah Ta'ala, The Master of the worlds. May Allah Ta'ala's special blessings, mercies and salawaat descend upon our beloved master Sayyidina, Rasulullah PBUH forever and

ever. The Basic 'ilm (knowledge of Deen) is the weapon of every believer. Without knowing what is right from wrong, man will never be able to save himself from evil and sin. Without the knowledge of Deen, man is a vulnerable victim of shaytaan. The primary maktab system is designed to equip the children of the Ummah, with the basic knowledge of Deen, which will carry them along for the rest of their lives in the obedience of Allah Ta'ala and in following the sunnah of Rasulullah PBUH. This book titled 'Basic Fiqh' is designed to teach little children the basic Islamic laws according to the teachings and the Fiqh of Hadhrat Imaam Abu Hanifah RA. An attempt has been made to cover the basic but very important aspects of Fiqh in this little booklet (Insha Allah). Though many books of Fiqh are currently available, the intention in preparing this little booklet was to present some basic rules of fundamental importance making it easier for children to learn. The Ta'limi Board (KZN) has officially introduced this booklet into the maktab curriculum. Part One of this book is taught in Grade 6 and Part two in Grade 7. May Allah Ta'ala accept this little publication and make it a means of attaining His pleasure and may He make this book a means of great benefit for the Ummah. Aameen. Note: All Masael is related to Hanafi Madhahab

**Imam Tahawi's Sharh Ma'ani al-Athar** - Imam Abu Jafar Ahmad at-Tahawi 2021-01-01  
Imām Ṭaḥāwī's Sharḥ Ma'ānī al-Athār is a timeless and universal masterpiece from amongst the greatest compilations of Islamic literature. Consisting of a wide array of vast and unique Prophetic traditions, it is a detailed and indispensable resource in jurisprudential matters. As a key text within the Ḥanafī School of Law, it dispels the oft-assumed notion of the School being solely one of reason by substantiating many legal verdicts of the great luminary Imām Abū Ḥanīfah (Rh.) with not only the proposition of rationale but also with highly authentic supporting evidences. The key distinguishing factor of this work from others is its unmatched style of composition and argumentation in deducing legal rulings and deeply analysing therein; all the while assisting its readers by explaining in a coherent, cogent, and comprehensive manner. As an outstanding treatise of Imām Ṭaḥāwī (Rh.) it embodies a lifetime of discerning sacred knowledge and formulating independent decisions based on such; providing a glimpse into the depths and magnitudes of his knowledge. This book has been translated into English in the hope of making the text more accessible and enabling an appreciation for it amongst the masses.

**A History of Islamic Law** - Noel James Coulson 1964

This classic introduction to Islamic law, traces its development from its origins, through the medieval period, to its place in modern Islam.

*Maraqī Al Falah Bi Imdaad Al Fatah Sharh Nur Al Idah Wa Najat Al Arwah* - Allama Sheikh Hasan Al-Shurunbalaali Al-Hanafi 2020-02-24

A commentary on a book on the jurisprudence (fiqh) of worship ('ibadat) according to the Hanafi school (madhhab) of Islamic law written by Imam Shurunbulali (d. 1069 h), one of the greatest jurists of his time, this work is among the most widely studied works on the subject all around the world, being a part of the traditional curriculum for students of Hanafi fiqh. The work covers Purification (kitab al-tahara), Ritual Prayer (kitab al-salat), Fasting (kitab al-sawm), Alms (kitab al-zakat) and the Pilgrimage (kitab al-hajj). About the Author Abu al-Ikhlās al-Ḥasan b. `Ammār b. `Alī b. Yusuf Shurunbalaali was born in 994 A/H. He became a master of jurisprudence at the hands of Abdullah al-Nahriri and Muhammad al-Mahby. He studied at the prestigious seat of learning, al-Azhar, Cairo, under the patronage of some of the most eminent scholars of his time. He himself later became a scholar of great repute and a copious writer, whose works exceed fifty in number. The Shaykh passed away in 1069 A/H.

**ILM AL-HAL (ILMIHAL)** - Kolektif 2020-03-01

Elementary Islamic education and basic reference guide for all Muslims In Line With Hanafi School of Islam (With an Illustrated Prayer Guide) Ilm Al-Hâl pertains to a branch of Islamic knowledge that provides information about Îmân (faith) and 'ibâdah (worship), which every Muslim is obliged to acquire. This book of Ilm Al-Hâl is prepared based on the rules of the HANAFÎ MADHHAB, with the aim of helping every Muslim to easily learn and memorize the

essential matters of Islâm. ÎMÂN (FAITH) Arkân Al-Îmân (Articles of faith) Belief in Allâh Belief in the Books Belief in the Anbiyâ (Prophets) Belief in Al-Yawm Al-Âkhir (the Day of Judgement) Belief in Qadar and Qadhâ (The Divine Decree and Will) ISLÂM Arkân Al-Islâm (Essential Articles of Islâm) Kalimah Al-Shahâdah Salâh (Prayer) The Janâzah (Funeral) Proceedings Al-Sawm (Fasting) Zakâh Hajj (Pilgrimage) Udhiyyah (Sacrifice/Qurbâni) Duties of Muslims in Society Thirty-two Fardh (Obligatory) Acts Fifty-four Fardh (Obligatory) Acts Some Religious Questions to a Muslim Child NOTE: Readers must handle this book with utmost respect and not place it at low places or throw it down since it includes some sacred texts such as Âyât (verses) of the Holy Qur'ân, Ahâdith Al-Sharîf and Duas (supplcations). We request you to keep this important point in mind all the time. İngilizce İlmihal Muhtasar İlmihal  
*THE PROPHETIC BIOGRAPHY (SIRAH OF IBNU HISHAM)* - ABD AL MALIK IBN HISHAM 2013-01-01

*Al - Hidayah (The Guidance)* - Burhan Ad-Din Al-Farqhani Al-Marghinani 2020-10-13  
The Hidayah has dominated the field of Islamic jurisprudence since the day it was written over 800 years ago. It has been the primary text used by Muslims jurist to issue authentic and reliable rulings on Islamic law according to the school of Imam Abu Hanifa (d 150H/767CE). The Hidayah commands such an authoritative position amongst the doctors of law that the knowledge of a scholar who has not read it is not considered reliable. It has been a standard text in the curricula of Islamic law schools since the 12th century. It was first translated into English by Charles Hamilton in 1791. Around 70 huge commentaries, some spread over more than a dozen volumes have been written on it. The number of explanatory glosses is in thousands. Comprehensive in content and conveniently organized, with the publication of this all previous works that discussed Islamic jurisprudence according to the Hanafi law become outmoded and soon fell into disuse. If revealed books are not taken into account, never has a book received so much attention as the Hidayah. This landmark publication of the Hidayah not only has been translated in its entirety for the first time but has been done so from Arabic, the language in which it was written. The author, Shaykh Al Islam, Burhan Al-Din Marghanani (d 593 AH/ 1197 CE) was considered to be the leading jurist of the Muslim world in his times. "The hidayah is justly celebrated as the most practical and useful summary compilation of Hanafi jurisprudence. It has been a standard text in the curricula of Islamic law schools since the 12th century. It was first translated by Charles Hamilton in 1791. A new translation into modern English has been long overdue. This translation by Imran Ahsan Khan Nyazee is both precise and straight forward. With his knowledge of Islamic law and jurisprudence combined with his command of both the Arabic and English languages, he has conveyed the meaning of the original with great clarity. The hidayah is a dense work, intended for use in teaching Hanafi fiqh - it is a work that needs explication if its arguments are to be understood fully. This the translator has provided through this valuable notes" Dr Mohammad Akram Nadwi, research fellow, Oxford centre for Islamic studies, Oxford

**Al-Fiqh Al-Islami According to the Hanafi Madhhab** - Muḥammad Akram Nadwī 2007

Al-Fiqh Al-Islami is the first complete Hanafi Fiqh text book to be written in English. Meticulously referenced from a multitude of classical sources and having incorporated many current day issues, it promises to be the most comprehensive Hanafi Fiqh compendium available in English today.

Al-Ghazali's Adapted Summary of Ihya Ulum al-Din - Abu-Hamid Al Ghazali 2016-01-01

AL-GHAZALI's adapted summary of Ihya Ulum al-Din - The Forty Principles of the Religion THE FORTY PRINCIPLES OF THE RELIGION is a comprehensive distillation of Imam al-Ghazali's magnum opus, Ihya Ulum ad-Din (The Revival of the Religious Sciences), in which he explores the spiritual depth of virtually every aspect of Islam. This condensed work presents Imam al-Ghazali's profound insights regarding man's lifelong struggle to draw closer to Allah in a simple framework, providing the reader with a step-by-step tried and proven method for spiritual

development. The result is an essential guide to improving one's relationship with both the Creator and the creation and a perfect introduction to Imam al-Ghazali's other great works. English translation by Nasir Abdussalam. Editing and footnotes by Mariam Madge Conlan. A careful and idiomatic English translation of one of Imam al-Ghazali's most powerful books, which shows the comprehensive depth of the Qurans teachings. Shaykh Abdal Hakim Murad (T.J. Winter) Cambridge Muslim College About the author The Proof of Islam Imam Abu Hamid Muhammad ibn Muhammad al-Ghazali (d. 1111) jurist, legal theorist, logician, theologian, and mystic was a master of both the outer and inner sciences of the Shariah who is regarded by many as the greatest Muslim thinker to have lived after the Pious Predecessors. Credited with dealing the deathblow to Aristotelian philosophy in the Muslim world and bringing authentic Islamic spirituality into the mainstream, his life and thought were extremely influential in shaping the spiritual values and practices of medieval society and are no less relevant today.

A Complete Prayer Guide According to the Hanafi School - Hasan Al-Shurunbulali 2016-12-31

About The Book We are happy to introduce a translation of the famous classical Hanafi Fiqh Manual called Nur al-Idah (The Light of Clarification) by Imam Hasan bin Ammar bin Ali Al-Shurunbulali who is described as one of the greatest scholars of the his time (b. 1580). This edition covers: The basics of purification (classes of water, containers, residual foods or drinks, etiquettes of performing the call of nature etc.), wudu, ritual bath, dry ablution, wiping over footgear, rules related to menstruation and postnatal bleeding, The basics of prayer (the call to prayer [adhan and iqama], how the prayer is performed, its sunna, wajib and obligatory actions, what nullifies it and what does not), witr, taraweeh, prayer of a traveler, prayer of a sick person, making up missed prayers, catching the congregational prayers, prostrations of forgetfulness, recitation and gratitude, Friday prayer, Eid prayer, solar and lunar eclipse prayers, fear prayer and prayer for rain. Included are the supplications in Arabic. Arabic Supplications and Audio: The audio for the Arabic supplications is at your finger tips. Just scan the QR code next to each supplication with your smartphone or tablet and listen

*Hanafi Principles of Testing Hadith* - Atabek Shukurov 2022-09

The book is an academic manual in the subject of science of testing the prophetic traditions according to the Hanafi branch of Sunni school.

**Al- Hidayah (The Guidance) Vol 1** - Burhan Al Din Al Farghani Al Marghinani 2017-06-03

The Hidayah has dominated the field of Islamic jurisprudence since the day it was written over 800 years ago. It has been the primary text used by Muslims jurist to issue authentic and reliable ruling on Islamic law according to the school of Imam Abu Hanifa (d 150H/767CE). The Hidayah commands such an authoritative position amongst the doctors of law that the knowledge of a scholar who has not read it is not considered reliable. It has been a standard text in the curricula of Islamic law schools since the 12th century. It was first translated into English by Charles Hamilton in 1791. Around 70 huge commentaries, some spread over more than a dozen volumes have been written on it. The number of explanatory glosses is in thousands. Comprehensive in content and conveniently organized, with the publication of this all previous works that discussed Islamic jurisprudence according to the Hanafi law become outmoded and soon fell into disuse. If revealed books are not taken into account, never has a book received so much attention as the Hidayah. This landmark publication of the Hidayah not only has been translated in its entirety for the first time but has been done so from Arabic, the language in which it was written.

**Adab Al-Qadi** - Imam Khassaf 2023-08-18

Islam is a practical religion dealing with the warring traits of human nature and bending them to the Straight Path. It has discarded the law of the jungle, and the motto of might is right. The Islamic concept of justice is positive. It does not stop at the negation of the wrong but goes forward to promote the right so that there remains no incompatibility between the so-called justice and what is really just and equitable. The concept of Islamic justice does not permit prejudice against anyone. The Quranic Injunction is: "...and let not the hatred of any people

seduce you that ye deal not justly..." [TMQ Surah Maidah: 8] Under Islam, justice is the sum total of life. To do injustice is sinful. To suffer injustice calls for positive remedial action on the part of Muslims. Such action might mean even the supreme sacrifice of one's life for the sake of justice. This book is an English rendering of a popular Arabic book entitled Adab Al Qadi, Written by the renowned Muslim Jurist Imam Khassaf. In this book, the learned author has favored us with the basic principle of the Islamic judicial system and that of the Judiciary in the light of the Holy Quran and the Sunnah. The Learned Translator of this book Justice Dr. Muneer Ahmad Mughal, was himself a Judge of the Lahore High Court, Lahore. He has perfect hold on the subject and over both the languages.

*Ascent to Felicity* - Hasan ibn 'Ammar Shurunbulali 2010

Written by an eminent medieval Hanafi scholar, this is a concise yet comprehensive primer in creed and jurisprudence. It spans all five pillars of Islam, as well as the topics of slaughtering, ritual sacrifice, and haunting.

**Gift for Muslims** - Islamic Preparatory School (Wolverhampton, England) 2012

**Mukhtasar Al Quduri** - Ahmad ibn Muhammad Quduri 2016

*Malik and Medina* - Umar F. Abd-Allah 2013-03-28

This book studies the legal reasoning of Malik ibn Anas. It emphasizes that the Sunni schools of law emerged during the formative period as independent legal methodologies.

*The Hedaya, Or Guide* - 'Ali ibn Abi Bakr Marghinani 1870

Translated ... by C. Hamilton. with preface and index by S.G. Grady

*The Khulasa - A Summary of Shama'il at-Tirmidhi* - Muhammad Abd al-Hayy al-Kattani 2014-01-01

The Khulasa - A Summary of Abu Isa at-Tirmidhi's ash-Shama'il al-Muhammadiyah This concise work is a summary of Imam Abu Isa al-Tirmidhi's Ash-Shamail al-Muhammadiyah, a widely-acclaimed work which details different aspects of the character and lifestyle of Allah's Messenger (May Allah bless him and grant him peace). Based primarily on the Moroccan scholar Sheikh Muhammad Abd Hayy al-Kattani's summary entitled Muniyat al-Saa'il, this book beautifully captures the essence of each chapter of the Shamail, allowing readers to draw ever closer to Allah's Messenger (May Allah bless him and grant him peace) and study his salient features, as though they are directly observing his blessed personage. In an era where Muslims are being detached from Allah's Messenger (May Allah bless him and grant him peace), the lifeline of a person's belief, it is hoped this summary will help rekindle the flame of love for him and inspire readers to emulate his blessed example. Imam Abu Isa Muhammad ibn Isa ibn Sawra al-Tirmidhi was born in 210 ah in Termez, Uzbekistan. He travelled far and wide in his pursuit of the prophetic hadiths, and narrated from Imams al-Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Dawud, Qutayba ibn Sa'id and Muhammad ibn Bas-shar among many others. He was renowned for his piety, abstinence and remarkable memory. Among his famous works are Ash-Shama'il al-Muhammadiyah and Al-Jami' al-Kabir, commonly known as Sunan al-Tirmidhi. Imam Abu Isa al-Tirmidhi passed away in 297 AH. Sheikh Muhammad Abd al-Hayy al-Kattani was born in 1302 AH in Fez, Morocco. He received his early education by his illustrious father, Sheikh Abd al-Kabir al-Kattani, and his brother, Sheikh Muhammad ibn Abd al-Kabir, before moving on to study under great scholars at the renowned institute of Kairouan. He travelled across Morocco and beyond to Egypt, Syria and the Holy Lands, where he benefited from the knowledge of many scholars. Towards the end of his life, Sheikh Muhammad Abd al-Hayy experienced a number of difficulties from the authorities in Morocco, forcing him to emigrate to Nice, France, where he passed away in 1382 AH.

*The Essential Hanafi Handbook of Fiqh* - Yusuf Talal Ali al- Amriki 1997

Essential Islamic Knowledge - Muhammad Sanā'ullāh Pānīpatī 2003

*Birgivi's Manual Interpreted* - Birgivi Mehmet Efendi 2006

*Birgivi's Manual Interpreted* is the explanative translation of a major Islamic legal work on menstruation, lochia, and related issues. Answering hundreds of questions needed by the Muslim woman practicing her din, this book provides accurate information and practical arrangement of charts and texts making it an important reference for every Muslim family. The primary text, *Dhukhr al-Muta'ahhilin* [Treasure for Those with Families] by Imam Muhammad al-Birgivi (d. 981/1573), is the most authoritative work on menstruation in the Hanafi school, which the majority of Muslims follow. The work has been commentated upon by a number of traditional scholars, the best known of whom is Imam Ibn 'Abidin, the central scholar of the late Hanafi school.

**Family Planning in the Legacy of Islam** - Abdel-Rahim Omran 2012-09-10

How has the Islamic view of marriage, family formation and child rearing developed and adapted over the centuries? Is contraception just permitted or actively encouraged? The family is the basic social unit of Islamic society. Even without compelling population pressures, there has been concern with spacing and family planning. This book is the result of a massive research project, gathering fourteen centuries (the seventh to the twentieth) of views on family formation and planning, as expressed by leading Islamic theologians and jurists. The work has been discussed and shaped at each stage by a committee of Islamic experts representing the majority of the Muslim countries. The book provides a much needed source of reference and will be of equal value and interest to professionals in health care and development work and to those working in the academic disciplines of Middle East studies, religion and population studies.